

**THE REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA
MEETING AS A COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE**

June 18, 1998

The Regents of the University of California met on the above date at UCSF-Laurel Heights, San Francisco.

Present: Regents Atkinson, Bagley, Chandler, Connerly, Davies, Hotchkis, Johnson, Khachigian, Levin, McClymond, Montoya, Ochoa, Parsky, Preuss, Sayles, and Soderquist

In attendance: Regents-designate Espinoza, Miura, and Willmon, Faculty Representatives Dorr and Weiss, Secretary Trivette, General Counsel Holst, Provost King, Senior Vice President Kennedy, Vice Presidents Darling and Gurtner, Chancellors Berdahl, Carnesale, Debas, Dynes, Greenwood, Vanderhoef, Wilkening, and Yang, and Recording Secretary Nietfeld

The meeting convened at 9:10 a.m. with Chairman Khachigian presiding.

1. PUBLIC COMMENT

Chairman Khachigian explained that the Board had been convened as a Committee of the Whole in order to permit members of the public an opportunity to address matters on the morning's agenda. She noted that there were no members of the public wishing to speak.

2. INTRODUCTION OF CHANCELLOR-DESIGNATE BISHOP

President Atkinson called upon Chancellor Debas for an introduction of Dr. J. Michael Bishop, who will become Chancellor of the San Francisco campus on July 1. Chancellor Debas expressed his gratitude to President Atkinson and the Regents for their confidence, support, and guidance during the past year, when he served as the seventh chancellor at UCSF. It was a year filled with historic events, including the clinical merger with Stanford University and the planning for the new campus at Mission Bay. In addition, Dr. Stanley Prusiner was awarded the Nobel Prize for Physiology or Medicine.

In introducing Dr. Bishop, Chancellor Debas noted that he has been on the faculty at the San Francisco campus for thirty years. He is an internationally recognized authority on the molecular mechanism of cancer. Dr. Bishop earned his M.D. at Harvard University and served for two years as a research fellow in pathology at the Massachusetts General Hospital. Dr. Bishop entered a research program at the National Institutes of Health, and this experience laid the groundwork for his subsequent career in basic science research. After two years in postdoctoral training, he was a visiting scientist in the laboratory of a German colleague in Hamburg. He joined the UCSF faculty in 1968. Dr. Bishop is a University Professor in the Department of Microbiology and Immunology. Since 1981 has also served

as the Director of the G. W. Hooper Research Foundation at UCSF. He is currently a Non-Resident Fellow and member of the Board of Trustees of the Salk Institute for Biological Sciences and an Overseer for Harvard University. In 1997 President Clinton appointed him to head the National Cancer Advisory Board. Dr. Bishop is a member of the National Academy of Sciences, the American Academy of Arts and Sciences, and the Institute of Medicine. Among the many honors bestowed on Dr. Bishop are the Albert Lasker Basic Medical Research Award and the American Cancer Society Medal of Honor. In 1989, he received the Nobel Prize in Physiology or Medicine with his colleague, Dr. Harold Varmus, for their discovery that normal cells contain genes capable of becoming cancer genes.

Dr. Bishop expressed the appreciation of the San Francisco campus to Chancellor Debas for his service over the past year as Chancellor and Dean of the School of Medicine. He observed that the University of California is the finest public institution of higher learning in the world. Its mission is to keep genius public property in California. A recent issue of **The New Yorker** contrasted the University of California with the institutions of higher education in the State of Massachusetts which keep genius hidden behind ivied walls. Dr. Bishop looked forward to working with the Regents to keep the University's mission alive and well.

The meeting adjourned at 9:20 a.m.

Attest:

Secretary